WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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 An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a support and provided thereon a photosensitive layer, wherein;

said electrophotographic photosensitive member has a surface layer containing:

at least one of a charge-transporting material and conductive particles; and

a polymer obtained by polymerizing at least one selected from the group consisting of a 10 polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer having 2 or 3 benzene rings and 2 to 4 hydroxymethyl groups; a polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer having a structure in which a bisphenol monomer having 2 or 3 15 benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 4 hydroxymethyl groups; a polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol monomer having 3 or 4 benzene rings and 2 to 6 hydroxymethyl groups; and a polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol oligomer having a 20 structure in which a trisphenol monomer having 3 or 4 benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 6 hydroxymethyl groups.

2. The electrophotographic photosensitive
member according to claim 1, wherein said
polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer is a
polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer having 2 or 3

benzene rings bonded or linked through a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a -CR⁰¹R⁰²-group, where R⁰¹ and R⁰² each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, or represent a substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted cycloalkylidene group having 3 to 6 carbon atoms which is formed by combination of R⁰¹ with R⁰², provided that a case in which both the R⁰¹ and R⁰² are substituted or unsubstituted phenyl groups is excluded.

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3. The electrophotographic photosensitive

member according to claim 2, wherein said
polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer is a
polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer having a structure
represented by the following Formula (1):

$$R^{11}$$
 R^{13}
 R^{12}
 R^{14}
 R^{13}
 R^{14}

wherein X^{11} represents a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a

hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, or represent a substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkylidene group 5 having 3 to 6 carbon atoms which is formed by combination of R^{01} with R^{02} , provided that a case in which both the R^{01} and R^{02} are substituted or unsubstituted phenyl groups is excluded; and R^{11} to R^{14} each independently represent a hydroxymethyl group, a 10 hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms other than the hydroxymethyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl group having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, provided that at 15 least two of the R^{11} to R^{14} are each a hydroxymethyl group.

- 4. The electrophotographic photosensitive
 20 member according to claim 3, wherein the X¹¹ in
 Formula (1) is a divalent group having 3 or more
 carbon atoms.
- 5. The electrophotographic photosensitive
 member according to claim 4, wherein the X¹¹ in
 Formula (1) is a divalent group having 5 or more
 carbon atoms and having a cyclic structure.

- 6. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 3, wherein the X^{11} in Formula (1) is a divalent group having a benzene ring.
- 7. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 3, wherein the X¹¹ in Formula (1) is an ether group, a thioether group or a di(trifluoromethyl)methylene group.
- 10 8. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 1, wherein said polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer is a polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer having a structure in which a bisphenol monomer having 2 or 3 benzene rings has been condensed which are bonded or 15 linked through a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a -CR01R02-group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl 20 group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, or represent a substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkylidene group having 3 to 6 carbon atoms which is formed by combination of R^{01} with R^{02} , provided that a case in which both the R^{01} and R^{02} are substituted or 25 unsubstituted phenyl groups is excluded.

9. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 8, wherein said polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer is a polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer having a structure in which a bisphenol monomer having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) has been condensed through a methylene group:

$$R^{21}$$
 X^{21} X

wherein X^{21} represents a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, or represent a substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkylidene group having 3 to 6 carbon atoms which is formed by combination of R^{01} with R^{02} , provided that a case in which both the R^{01} and R^{02} are substituted or unsubstituted phenyl groups is excluded; and R^{21} to R^{24} each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a substituted or

unsubstituted cycloalkyl group having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 5 10. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 9, wherein the X^{21} in Formula (2) is a divalent group having 3 or more carbon atoms.
- 11. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 10, wherein the X²¹ in Formula (2) is a divalent group having 5 or more carbon atoms and having a cyclic structure.
- 12. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 9, wherein the X^{21} in Formula (2) is a divalent group having a benzene ring.
- 13. The electrophotographic photosensitive
 20 member according to claim 9, wherein the X²¹ in
 Formula (2) is an ether group, a thioether group or a
 di(trifluoromethyl)methylene group.
- 14. The electrophotographic photosensitive
 25 member according to claim 1, wherein said
 polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol monomer is a
 polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol monomer having a

structure represented by the following Formula (3):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Q^{31} & Q^{32} \\ Q^{32} & Q^{34} \\ Q^{32} & Q^{34} \\ \end{array}$$

wherein Q³¹ to Q³⁶ each independently represent a hydroxymethyl group, a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms other than the hydroxymethyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, provided that at least two of the Q³¹ to Q³⁶ are each a hydroxymethyl group; and Y³¹ represents a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (31), a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (32) or a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (33):

$$Q^{311}$$
 Q^{312}
 Q^{313}
 Q^{313}
 Q^{313}
 Q^{313}

wherein X^{311} to X^{313} each independently represent a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Q^{311} to Q^{313} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

$$-\frac{Q^{321}}{C}$$
(32)

wherein Q^{321} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or



wherein X^{331} represents a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Q^{331} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 15. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 14, wherein at least one of the X^{311} to X^{313} in Formula (31) or the X^{331} in Formula (33) is a divalent group having 3 or more carbon atoms.
- 16. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 14, wherein at least one of the X^{311} to X^{313} in Formula (31) or the X^{331} in Formula (33) is an ether group or a thioether group.
 - 17. The electrophotographic photosensitive

member according to claim 1, wherein said
polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol oligomer is a
polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol oligomer having a
structure in which a trisphenol monomer having a
structure represented by the following Formula (4)
has been condensed through a methylene group:

$$Q^{41}$$
 Q^{43} Q^{41} Q^{41} Q^{41} Q^{42} Q^{44} Q^{45} Q^{46} Q^{46} Q^{46}

wherein Q⁴¹ to Q⁴⁶ each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Y⁴¹ represents a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (41), a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (42) or a trivalent group having a structure represented by the following Formula (43):

$$Q^{411}$$
 Q^{412}
 Q^{413}
 Q^{413}
 Q^{413}
 Q^{413}

wherein X^{411} to X^{413} each independently represent a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Q^{411} to Q^{413} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

$$-c^{421}$$
 (42)

wherein Q^{421} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or



wherein X^{431} represents a single bond, a carbonyl group, an ether group, a thioether group or a $-CR^{01}R^{02}$ -group, where R^{01} and R^{02} each independently represent a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and Q^{431} represents a hydrogen atom or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 18. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 17, wherein at least one of the X^{411} to X^{413} in Formula (41) or the X^{431} in Formula (43) is a divalent group having 3 or more carbon atoms.
- 19. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 17, wherein at least one of the X^{411} to X^{413} in Formula (41) or the X^{431} in Formula (43) is an ether group or a thioether group.
- 20. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 1, wherein said

charge-transporting material contained in said surface layer is a charge-transporting material having a hydroxyl group.

- 5 21. The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 20, wherein said charge-transporting material having a hydroxyl group is a charge-transporting material having at least one group selected from the group consisting of a hydroxyalkyl group, a hydroxyalkoxyl group and a hydroxyphenyl group.
- electrophotographic photosensitive member and at

 least one means selected from the group consisting of
 a charging means, a developing means, a transfer
 means and a cleaning means which are integrally
 supported, and being detachably mountable to the main
 body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the

 electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising
 a support and provided thereon a photosensitive layer,
 wherein;

said electrophotographic photosensitive member has a surface layer containing:

at least one of a charge-transporting material and conductive particles; and

a polymer obtained by polymerizing at least one

selected from the group consisting of a

polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer having 2 or 3

benzene rings and 2 to 4 hydroxymethyl groups; a

polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer having a

structure in which a bisphenol monomer having 2 or 3

benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 4

hydroxymethyl groups; a polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol

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benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 4 hydroxymethyl groups; a polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol monomer having 3 or 4 benzene rings and 2 to 6 hydroxymethyl groups; and a

polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol oligomer having a structure in which a trisphenol monomer having 3 or 4 benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 6 hydroxymethyl groups.

23. An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a support and provided thereon a photosensitive layer, wherein;

said electrophotographic photosensitive member has a surface layer containing:

at least one of a charge-transporting material and conductive particles; and

a polymer obtained by polymerizing at least one selected from the group consisting of a polyhydroxymethylbisphenol monomer having 2 or 3

benzene rings and 2 to 4 hydroxymethyl groups; a
polyhydroxymethylbisphenol oligomer having a
structure in which a bisphenol monomer having 2 or 3
benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 4
hydroxymethyl groups; a polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol
monomer having 3 or 4 benzene rings and 2 to 6
hydroxymethyl groups; and a
polyhydroxymethyltrisphenol oligomer having a
structure in which a trisphenol monomer having 3 or 4
benzene rings has been condensed, and having 2 to 6
hydroxymethyl groups.